5260

OFFICIAL GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT
LEON COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOVEMBER 2, 2010

- TO VOTE, COMPLETELY FILL IN THE OVAL ⬬ NEXT TO YOUR CHOICE.
- Use only a blue or black marker or pen.
- If you make a mistake, don't hesitate to ask for a new ballot. If you erase or make other marks, your vote may not count.
- To vote for a candidate whose name is not printed on the ballot, fill in the oval, and write in the candidate's name on the blank line provided for a write-in candidate.

CONGRESSIONAL

UNITED STATES SENATOR (Vote for One)

- ◯ Marco Rubio REP
- ◯ Kendrick B. Meek DEM
- ◯ Alexander Andrew Snitker LBT
- ◯ Bernie DeCastro CPF
- ◯ Sue Askeland NPA
- ◯ Bruce Ray Riggs NPA
- ◯ Bobbie Bean NPA
- ◯ Rick Tyler NPA
- ◯ Charlie Crist NPA
- ◯ Lewis Jerome Armstrong NPA
- ◯ _____ Write-In

REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS DISTRICT 4 (Vote for One)

- ◯ Ander Crenshaw REP
- ◯ Troy D. Stanley NPA
- ◯ _____ Write-In

STATE

GOVERNOR & LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR (Vote for One)

- ◯ Rick Scott / Jennifer Carroll REP
- ◯ Alex Sink / Rod Smith DEM
- ◯ Peter Allen / John E Zanni IDP
- ◯ Michael E. Arth / Al Krulick NPA
- ◯ Farid Khavari / Darcy G. Richardson NPA
- ◯ C. C. Reed / Larry Waldo, Sr. NPA
- ◯ Daniel Imperato / Karl C.C. Behm NPA
- ◯ _____ Write-In

ATTORNEY GENERAL (Vote for One)

- ◯ Pam Bondi REP
- ◯ Dan Gelber DEM
- ◯ Jim Lewis NPA

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER (Vote for One)

- ◯ Jeff Atwater REP
- ◯ Loranne Ausley DEM
- ◯ Ken Mazzie NPA
- ◯ Tom Stearns NPA

COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE (Vote for One)

- ◯ Adam H. Putnam REP
- ◯ Scott Maddox DEM
- ◯ Ira Chester TEA
- ◯ Thad Hamilton NPA

NONPARTISAN JUDICIAL

JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT
Shall Justice Charles T. Canady of the Supreme Court be retained in office?

- ◯ YES
- ◯ NO

JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT
Shall Justice Jorge Labarga of the Supreme Court be retained in office?

- ◯ YES
- ◯ NO

JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT
Shall Justice James E.C. Perry of the Supreme Court be retained in office?

- ◯ YES
- ◯ NO

JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT
Shall Justice Ricky L. Polston of the Supreme Court be retained in office?

- ◯ YES
- ◯ NO

FIRST DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL
Shall Judge Nikki Ann Clark of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?

- ◯ YES
- ◯ NO

FIRST DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL
Shall Judge Paul M. Hawkes of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?

- ◯ YES
- ◯ NO

FIRST DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL
Shall Judge Charles J. Kahn, Jr. of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?

- ◯ YES
- ◯ NO

FIRST DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL
Shall Judge Phil Padovano of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?

- ◯ YES
- ◯ NO

FIRST DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL
Shall Judge Lori S. Rowe of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?

- ◯ YES
- ◯ NO

FIRST DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL
Shall Judge Kent Wetherell of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?

- ◯ YES
- ◯ NO

FIRST DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL
Shall Judge Jim Wolf of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?

- ◯ YES
- ◯ NO

CIRCUIT JUDGE 2ND JUDICIAL CIRCUIT GROUP 9 (Vote for One)

- ◯ Karen Gievers
- ◯ Barbara Hobbs

NONPARTISAN COUNTY

COUNTY COMMISSIONER AT LARGE, GROUP 2 (Vote for One)

- ◯ Nick Maddox
- ◯ Cliff Thaell

NONPARTISAN SPECIAL DISTRICT

OCHLOCKONEE RIVER SOIL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT GROUP 2 (Vote for One)

- ◯ Ralph Mason
- ◯ Stan Peacock

SAMPLE

VOTE BOTH SIDES OF BALLOT

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

NO. 1 CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ARTICLE VI, SECTION 7

Repeal of Public Campaign Financing Requirement
Proposing the repeal of the provision in the State Constitution that requires public financing of campaigns of candidates for elective statewide office who agree to campaign spending limits.

YES

NO

NO. 2 CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ARTICLE VII, SECTION 3 ARTICLE XII, SECTION 31

Homestead Ad Valorem Tax Credit for Deployed Military Personnel
Proposing an amendment to the State Constitution to require the Legislature to provide an additional homestead property tax exemption by law for members of the United States military or military reserves, the United States Coast Guard or its reserves, or the Florida National Guard who receive a homestead exemption and were deployed in the previous year on active duty outside the continental United States, Alaska, or Hawaii in support of military operations designated by the Legislature. The exempt amount will be based upon the number of days in the previous calendar year that the person was deployed on active duty outside the continental United States, Alaska, or Hawaii in support of military operations designated by the Legislature. The amendment is scheduled to take effect January 1, 2011.

YES

NO

NO. 4 CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ARTICLE II, SECTION 7

Referenda Required for Adoption and Amendment of Local Government Comprehensive Land Use Plans
Establishes that before a local government may adopt a new comprehensive land use plan, or amend a comprehensive land use plan, the proposed plan or amendment shall be subject to vote of the electors of the local government by referendum, following preparation by the local planning agency, consideration by the governing body and notice. Provides definitions.

The amendment's impact on local government expenditures cannot be estimated precisely. Local governments will incur additional costs due to the requirement to conduct referenda in order to adopt comprehensive plans or amendments thereto. The amount of such costs depends upon the frequency, timing and method of the referenda, and includes the costs of ballot preparation, election administration, and associated expenses. The impact on state government expenditures will be insignificant.

YES

NO

NO. 5 CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ARTICLE III, SECTION 21

Standards for Legislature to Follow in Legislative Redistricting
Legislative districts or districting plans may not be drawn to favor or disfavor an incumbent or political party. Districts shall not be drawn to deny racial or language minorities the equal opportunity to participate in the political process and elect representatives of their choice. Districts must be contiguous. Unless otherwise required, districts must be compact, as equal in population as feasible, and where feasible must make use of existing city, county and geographical boundaries.

The fiscal impact cannot be determined precisely. State government and state courts may incur additional costs if litigation increases beyond the number or complexity of cases which would have occurred in the amendment's absence.

YES

NO

NO. 6 CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ARTICLE III, SECTION 20

Standards for Legislature to Follow in Congressional Redistricting
Congressional districts or districting plans may not be drawn to favor or disfavor an incumbent or political party. Districts shall not be drawn to deny racial or language minorities the equal opportunity to participate in the political process and elect representatives of their choice. Districts must be contiguous. Unless otherwise required, districts must be compact, as equal in population as feasible, and where feasible must make use of existing city, county and geographical boundaries.

The fiscal impact cannot be determined precisely. State government and state courts may incur additional costs if litigation increases beyond the number or complexity of cases which would have occurred in the amendment's absence.

YES

NO

NO. 8 CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ARTICLE IX, SECTION 1 ARTICLE XII, SECTION 31

Revision of the Class Size Requirements for Public Schools
The Florida Constitution currently limits the maximum number of students assigned to each teacher in public school classrooms in the following grade groupings: for prekindergarten through grade 3, 18 students; for grades 4 through 8, 22 students; and for grades 9 through 12, 25 students. Under this amendment, the current limits on the maximum number of students assigned to each teacher in public school classrooms would become limits on the average number of students assigned per class to each teacher, by specified grade grouping, in each public school. This amendment also adopts new limits on the maximum number of students assigned to each teacher in an individual classroom as follows: for prekindergarten through grade 3, 21 students; for grades 4 through 8, 27 students; and for grades 9 through 12, 30 students. This amendment specifies that class size limits do not apply to virtual classes, requires the Legislature to provide sufficient funds to maintain the average number of students required by this amendment, and schedules these revisions to take effect upon approval by the electors of this state and to operate retroactively to the beginning of the 2010-2011 school year.

YES

NO

NONBINDING STATEWIDE ADVISORY REFERENDUM

Balancing the Federal Budget A Nonbinding Referendum Calling for an Amendment to the United States Constitution

In order to stop the uncontrolled growth of our national debt and prevent excessive borrowing by the Federal Government, which threatens our economy and national security, should the United States Constitution be amended to require a balanced federal budget without raising taxes?

YES

NO

PROPOSED COUNTY CHARTER AMENDMENTS

COUNTY ORDINANCE 2010-20

Petition Thresholds and Prohibited Subjects as Proposed by the Citizen Charter Review Committee
Shall the Home Rule Charter of Leon County, Florida be amended to lower the number of signatures required for petitions proposing ordinances or charter amendments from 10% of the electorate countywide, including at least 10% in each single member district, to 7% countywide, including at least 5% within each single member district; to clarify that existing prohibited subjects apply to charter amendments, in addition to ordinances; effective January 1, 2011?

YES

NO

COUNTY ORDINANCE 2010-21

Limitation on Local Campaign Contribution as Proposed by the Citizen Charter Review Committee
Shall the Home Rule Charter of Leon County, Florida be amended to establish limits on campaign contributions for candidates for county commissioner and county constitutional offices to $250 per election from individuals or political committees; effective January 1, 2011?

YES

NO

COUNTY ORDINANCE 2010-22

Minimum Countywide Environmental Regulations as Proposed by the Citizen Charter Review Committee
Shall the Home Rule Charter for Leon County, Florida be amended to provide that County ordinances shall establish minimum regulatory standards for the protection of the environment countywide, with an emphasis on supporting healthy natural systems in the environment; effective April 1, 2011?

YES

NO

COUNTY ORDINANCE 2010-23

Tourist Development Council Management Structure as Proposed by the Citizen Charter Review Committee
Shall the Home Rule Charter for Leon County, Florida be amended to reflect the current practice of county government with oversight of the Tourist Development Council staff by the County Administrator; effective January 1, 2011?

YES

NO

COUNTY ORDINANCE 2010-24

Employment of the County Administrator as Proposed by the Citizen Charter Review Committee
Shall the Home Rule Charter of Leon County, Florida be amended to provide the manner by which the County Administrator shall be employed and the manner by which the County Administrator is terminated; effective January 1, 2011?

YES

NO

COUNTY ORDINANCE 2010-25

Non-Interference Policy as Proposed by the Citizen Charter Review Committee
Shall the Home Rule Charter of Leon County, Florida be amended to provide for a non-interference policy which will not inhibit County Commissioners ability to address the concerns of citizens with the County Administrator or County Attorney, but prohibit interference with the performance of the duties of County employees under the direct or indirect supervision of the County Administrator or County Attorney; effective January 1, 2011?

YES

NO

SAMPLE

VOTE BOTH SIDES OF BALLOT